

Emerging Issues

Cross Cutting

- Key IWRM principles
- Implement the national/regional strategic action plan
- Strengthening and/or establish appropriate institutional, policy and legal frameworks
- Formulation of appropriate arrangement for cross-sectoral planning, development and monitoring
- Capacity Building
- Sustainable funding mechanisms
- Lack of consolidated baseline data for social indicators

Equitable access to water of acceptable quality and quantity

- Pollution of surface water resource
- Reoccurrences of droughts and floods
- Lack of standards
- High potential but low development and utilization of the resource
- Lack/weak legal framework for groundwater development

Proper Sanitation

- Community attitudes (sanitation an after thought)
- Lack of guidelines and monitoring of solid waste materials
- Uncoordinated planning, development and management of pit latrines and other water borne facilities

Food Security for all

- Water rights/permits on shared watercourses
- High poverty levels
- Strengthen cooperation/linkages to programmes initiatives and interventions
- Efficient and sustainable funding mechanism and arrangements
- Efficient land titles delivery systems
- EIAs

A Sustainable Environment

- Lack of a clear policy that recognizes the environment as a legitimate user of water
- Quantification of water required to sustain a health environment
- Lack of consolidated baseline data for social indicators
- Lack of effective stakeholder participation

Energy for all

- Comprehensive assessment and categorization of energy potential
- Lack of mechanisms for equitable sharing of energy development-benefits
- Lack of efficient and sustainable mechanisms and management arrangements for rural electrification programme
- Inadequate data to support integrated decision-making
- Effective stakeholder participation
- Mandatory EIA

Suggested Actions

Cross cutting issues

- Promote IWRM strategies
- Establish well coordinated and accessible Water Resources Information system
- Rationalize/strengthen institutions
- Inventorize information, build and consolidate baseline data
- Develop performance targets, indicator and harmonize standards
- Develop appropriate programmes for enhanced capacity building
- Evaluate and monitor regularly

Equitable access to water of an acceptable quantity and quality

- Plan and manage accessibility to safe water
- Build and enhance capacities of various stakeholders through training
- Create new institutional arrangements and harmonize legislation
- Water and environment – protect water resources

Proper Sanitation

- Promote integrated education programmes
- Build and enhance capacity

Food Security for all

- Promote
- Create and implement regulatory framework
- Develop an implementing institution
- Mitigate impacts
- Develop sustainable appropriate infrastructure and technology
- Develop guidelines for EIA for irrigation development
- Create/develop one stop institution for water right/permit, title deeds, investment licences, EIA clearance

Energy Environment

- Review of current power master plan
- Establish database/information system
- Establish rural electrification master plan
- Set up data base
- Develop EIA guidelines for power projects
- Market potential sites

A sustainable environment

- Set up database
- Make EIA mandatory
- Initiate sensitisation of EIA process
- Review criteria/basis for water rights allocation for environmental use
- Categorize environmental cores in terms of CV's, Etc

Future Activities (next two months)

- Produce proceedings
- An inventory (desk study)
- Organize the launch of Zambia FFA committee (one meeting)
- Approval of FFA Report by Committee
- Workshop for CB
- Prepare draft strategy (formulation) – for circulation – more effort on identity/consultation in communities, farmers, politicians, MPs
- Circulate draft FFA Report
- Receive FFA Report
- Attend core J/B meeting
- Prepare final FFA Report
- Get feedback on proceeding and recompile emerging issues and strategic actions